

the agency did not receive surplus food and had to increase its financial assistance to this refugee group. Some refugees were resettled into the United States, Canada, and Australia, but this was balanced out by new arrivals. Clothing and medicines are the chief items of aid dispensed by the fund.

The United Church Board for World Ministries, 475 Riverside Drive, New York, N.Y.

The United Church's Division of World Service administered a \$1.5 million fund for the relief of refugees last year. It had operations in 46 countries, with special programs in Italy, Greece, Lebanon, and Ecuador. With a major emphasis on self-help projects, the board helped finance the work of other agencies. These included: Division of Inter-Church Aid—Refugee and World Service of the World Council of Churches; Church World Service, National Council of Churches of Christ in U.S.A.; Heifer Project; and the Meals for Millions Foundation.

United Hias Service, 425 Lafayette Street, New York, N.Y.

United Hias Service assisted 5,100 persons to resettle in the United States, Canada, Latin America, Australia, and Western Europe in 1963.

In planning for 1964, the agency estimated that 5,800 persons will be assisted to resettle during the current year. Estimated operations for the coming period take into account the stepped-up migration of Jews from Eastern Europe, the increased number of departures from Morocco to Canada, the continuation of assistance to Jewish refugees from the Middle East.

The agency is working out arrangements under which top priority can be given to the parents of unaccompanied Cuban Jewish children who have been unable to join their parents in the United States since the suspension of transportation between Havana and Miami following the October 1962 missiles crisis.

The Tolstoy Foundation, Inc., 989 Eighth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

The Tolstoy Foundation registered 16,000 refugees in Europe, Middle East, and Latin America last year. The foundation has continued its self-help projects of integration in Western Europe, expanded its old-age-home facilities, developed cultural programs for intellectuals and students and provided camp programs for the children of refugees. A major effort was made in 1963 to integrate European refugees from China in Latin America, providing permanent care for the aged and incapacitated. The foundation took a major interest in Tibetan refugees in 1963, exploring avenues of resettlement for them, especially in the United States. A series of reports in depth on possible resettlement areas is being prepared. The foundation conducts an educational program for Tibetan lamas in a monastery in New Jersey.

World University Service (WUS), 20 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

Needy students from all over the world benefit from WUS aid. Last year WUS continued five major programs aimed at refugee students. They were as follows:

Algeria: Financial assistance was given to 150 Algerians studying in Europe, and food, drugs, clothing, etc. were provided to refugee students in Tunisia and Morocco. In 1964, WUS is helping the Algerian university community get back on its feet, which requires \$30,000 in assistance.

Angola: Financial aid (\$70,000 since 1961) has been provided on a continuing basis to refugee students from Angola and other African territories ruled by Portugal.

China: More than \$600,000 have been provided over the past 6 years to foster higher education in Hong Kong. This program continued last year, in addition to which 11 Chinese professors were brought to the United

States to study and 5 students were sent to Canada.

Hungary: Since 1956, WUS has been aiding Hungarian refugee students, a \$6 million program. They have been able to continue their studies in new countries of residence. There are enough funds on hand to terminate this program in the near future.

South Africa: Grants to colleges in neighboring countries enable non-white refugee students from South Africa to continue their educations.

United Ukrainian American Relief Committee, Inc. (UUARC), 5020 Old York Road, Philadelphia, Pa.

United Ukrainian American Relief Committee, Inc., through its European Headquarters in Munich, Germany, continuously assists more than 20,000 Ukrainian refugees and escapees in integration, helping to find employment and to solve housing problems. The agency continues its immigration program in cooperation with ICEM sponsoring new immigrants to the United States under the regular quota.

The World Alliance of Young Men's Christian Associations (YMCA), 291 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

The YMCA acts as a complementary service to the large global programs of the United Nations, governments and churches; it is concerned with the morale of refugees. It is not a relief or migration agency. It tries to establish community centers in the camps (a home-away-from-home) and through them help in the organization of educational, recreational, religious programs, etc. The agency also offers language training, orientation courses for prospective migrants, camping for the children, together with handicrafts and vocational training. To support all this it conducts leadership training courses among the refugees so that most of the leadership and work comes from them.

World Relief Commission, Inc. (National Association of Evangelicals) (NAE), 12-19 Jackson Avenue, Long Island City, N.Y.

Their refugee work is small compared with the other agencies. However, in Korea and in Bujumbura, Burundi, Africa, they supply food, clothing, and medicines to needy refugees in those areas, along with activity in projects for the handicapped.

USCR OBSERVES ITS 5TH ANNIVERSARY

In October 1963 at the annual meeting of the board, notice was taken of the fifth anniversary of the founding of the U.S. Committee for Refugees. The committee was organized by the major resettlement agencies, Catholic, Protestant, Jewish, and nonsectarian, following a White House conference called by President Eisenhower in April 1958.

The president of the committee, Mr. Maxwell M. Rabb, received a commemorative gavel given to him on the occasion by Dr. Luther H. Evans, representing the members of the board.

Citations for distinguished service to refugees were given by the board to retiring Commissioner General John H. Davis, for his service to the Palestine refugees in the care of UNRWA; to Senator PHILIP A. HART of Michigan, for his work as chairman of the Senate Subcommittee on Refugees and Escapees and especially for his leadership in the effort to revise the immigration statutes; and to Mr. Hal B. Cook, publisher of Billboard magazine for his assistance to the committee in publicizing "All Star Festival" through the record industry.

The United Nations High Commissioner, in his message to the meeting, said in part: "On the occasion of your annual meeting I should like to convey to you and through you to the members of your board, my very sincere thanks for the efforts that were made by the U.S. Committee for Refugees during the present year to further the cause of the refugees."

"In this connection I should mention our joint endeavours to promote the sale of All Star Festival in the United States. Even if this venture has not met with the success we had hoped for, I know that thanks to the untiring efforts of your executive vice president and the members of your Secretariat, innumerable new contacts were established with the leading personalities in radio, television, and other information media. Much information about refugees was thus conveyed to the American public during the promotion of the sale of the record. This is important. Indeed, awareness of America's participation in the international action of solidarity towards refugees is dependent upon the extent to which the American people are properly informed."

"It is our important duty to keep alive international concern for refugees and to see to it that this concern is translated into a practical way of bringing assistance to refugees. Governments, intergovernmental agencies, and voluntary agencies all have their roles to play. Each in its own way is the expression of the will of the great mass of the people who in every country form what is called public opinion."

"It is the particular task of the U.S. Committee for Refugees to help keep the American public informed and, shoulder to shoulder with other organizations, to keep alight the 'pilot light of international solidarity'."

Following the morning business session of the annual meeting, the committee joined with the American Immigration and Citizenship Conference in sponsoring a luncheon at the Waldorf-Astoria. Some 350 persons from business, labor and refugee resettlement agencies gathered to hear Representative Emanuel Celler, Senator Kenneth B. Keating, Senator Philip A. Hart, and Mayor Robert F. Wagner speak on the theme: "Immigrants and Refugees—Yesterday's Laws and Today's Needs." The presiding officer was the Honorable Angier Biddle Duke, president of the AICC and member of the USCR board.

THE HIGH COMMISSIONER'S RECORD PROJECT

On February 28, 1963, the Office of the High Commissioner for Refugees of the U.N. issued a long-playing record album called "All Star Festival"—a collection of songs by distinguished popular artists. Proceeds from the sale of the records were to be used for special projects in the High Commissioner's program.

The record was issued in the United States under the auspices of the U.S. Committee for Refugees. The committee's responsibility was to give the record the best and most thorough public exposure possible and to assist in its sale and distribution. Record sales around the world exceeded 1 million copies though the sales in the United States were disappointing. Proceeds from the sale, now more than \$100,500,000, were assigned to the much-needed projects of the High Commissioner.

Copies of the record are still available at \$3.98 for monaural and \$4.98 for stereo. Please order from the committee's office.

NEW BOARD MEMBER ELECTED

Maxwell M. Rabb, president of the U.S. Committee for Refugees, has recently announced the election of Mrs. Frances Humphrey Howard of Washington, D.C. to the Board of Directors of the Committee.

Mrs. Howard, whose brother is Senator HUBERT HUMPHREY, of Minnesota, is an officer in the Agency for International Development. Since September 1963 she has been responsible for liaison activities between the AID and the private voluntary foreign aid organizations.

As an officer of the Agency, Mrs. Howard has traveled extensively in the Far East and in Latin America and has had firsthand acquaintances with the problems of refugees in many parts of the world.

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Mrs. Howard is a prominent lecturer and sociologist who has, during a long career of public service, worked in the interest of citizen participation in governmental and inter-governmental programs for peace and international understanding. She has been a member of the Advisory Committee of the U.S. Committee for Refugees since its formation in 1958.

DETROIT SYMPHONY BENEFIT CONCERT

The U.S. Committee for Refugees sponsored a benefit performance of the Detroit Symphony Orchestra on Easter Monday, March 30. Mr. William Warfield was the featured soloist. John B. Ford, III, of Detroit, a member of the USCR Board, made the initial arrangements with a Detroit committee of his distinguished fellow citizens. The Committee members were Walker L. Clisler, Mrs. John Lord Booth, and John B. Ford, Jr. Honorary patrons were U Thant, Adlai E. Stevenson, Gov. George Romney, and Mayor Jerome P. Cavanagh.

The concert was a cooperative effort by the Committee with vital assistance from the International Institutes, the AAUN and many individual organizations and corporations.

Detroit has more than 100 nationality groups. One of the highlights of the concert was the participation of members of this group in national dress as guides and ushers.

This highly successful event in support of the U.N. refugee agencies—the UNRWA and the UNECR—was the culmination of Detroit's observance of World Refugee Day.

DETROIT'S MOTOR INDUSTRY TO HELP UNRWA

An interesting byproduct of the benefit concert on March 30 is the commitment of major auto manufacturers to make contributions of equipment to UNRWA Vocational Training Schools. In 5 of the 11 schools maintained by the UNRWA, the young men are given 2-year courses in automotive mechanics. The equipment with which these young men now work is both inadequate and obsolete. General Motors, Chrysler and American Motors have agreed to supply motors, transmission assemblies, fuel pump assemblies, etc., together with tools and training manuals for each of these schools.

This is a contribution of major significance for many reasons, and the Commissioner General, Mr. Michelmore together with his staff, as well as the Officers and Board of the USCR, are deeply grateful to the motor companies for their generosity and interest.

THE TREASURER COMMENTS

The fiscal year 1964 ends June 30, and to date we have figures available only through the month of May. Financially, the year is similar overall to our past experience in that our income roughly balances our expenses. We are slightly on the positive side this year as we are predicting a small profit against a small loss in the preceding year.

Our sources of income show a slightly different mix with stronger support from foundations and somewhat less support from individual contributors. Through May 31, we had taken in \$53,000 in contributions, and I am pleased to report that we earned almost \$13,000 through our sale of Christmas gift wrap paper. The gift wrap program is increasingly important to our financial health, and we are planning to expand this program substantially this fall.

Dr. Wilson and his staff have done a commendable job in keeping expenses to the minimum, and it is their careful attention to the cost of doing business that allows our committee to accomplish what it does on such a limited budget. The committee continues to operate well within its authorized budget of \$125,000.

We are thankful for the continued financial support of our many friends.

ABRAM CLAUDE, Jr.,

Treasurer, U.S. Committee for Refugees.

A WORD TO CONTRIBUTORS

The work of the United States Committee for Refugees is supported entirely by the voluntary contributions of its friends. Friends who contribute \$12 or more will become members of the committee and will receive all its publications. Make checks payable to the "United States Committee for Refugees, Inc." Contributions are tax deductible.

THE STAT PROGRAM IN SOUTHEAST ASIA

Mr. HUMPHREY. Mr. President, every Senator remembers the Seabees from World War II. Their near-epic deeds of construction work across the Pacific theater gave real meaning to their distinctly American motto: "Can Do."

After the war the Seabees, though greatly diminished in numbers, continued to add to their list of accomplishments by digging up and carrying away half of a small mountain in the Philippines to build a runway, by constructing a Marine camp on Okinawa, by rushing to the aid of the battered residents of Guam when virtually the entire island was leveled of its homes by Typhoon Karen in 1962. Most recently, they have rushed to the scene of the Alaskan earthquake to help in relief work. The Mayor of Anchorage said "God bless the Seabees" when they left, their mission accomplished. All of these tasks were in addition to their routine tasks of training, numerous smaller construction tasks, and the major task of being ready to deploy with the Marines if necessary.

The Seabee effort in Thailand and South Vietnam consists now of Seabee technical assistance teams—STAT, as they are called by the Navy. The 13 men on these teams are high caliber, highly motivated, and highly trained men with years of experience in all the jobs Seabees do.

What do they do? They specialize in "community development work." They build bridges, build dams, dig wells, grade roads, build schools, build libraries and—they can do just about anything else in the line of construction work.

They do this in the outlying districts, in the isolated towns, in the more poverty-stricken areas of Thailand and South Vietnam, areas which are particularly susceptible to the blandishments and terrorism of communism.

In Thailand, the STAT is accompanied by a "shadow" team of Thai men; it is part of the job of our men to teach their shadow team construction skills while both teams are doing the job. This on-the-job training is the most valuable training these Thais have ever gotten. It is, moreover, hoped that this program will be self-regenerative, that is, that these Thai teams will then teach other apprentice Thai teams the skills they have learned from us.

How has this experiment in people-to-people relations turned out? It has been an impressive success. Large numbers of American servicemen are going to work right with the people of the country, rolling up their sleeves with them, working alongside one another, and—most importantly—teaching them some-

thing worthwhile, something that will raise their standard of living, in addition to improving the community's health, sanitation, flood control, and so forth.

The STAT has been called the military peace corps and the reasons for that comparison are obvious. Like the Peace Corps, the STAT put something into the country: They develop human resources. Such a contribution is valuable indeed.

Dollar for dollar, the STAT program has been called one of our best overseas investments. These teams have earned praise from high officials of every country involved, even though the program as a whole is still relatively young.

Although this STAT program is not widely known, I believe it is encouraging to learn of this down-to-earth attempt to assist our friends in southeast Asia to build better communities for themselves and their families. The Seabees in the STAT program merit our commendation and thanks.

VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES BY HON. RUFIO HECHANOVA, FINANCIAL MINISTER OF THE PHILIPPINES

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, in this country at the present time is one of the outstanding young leaders of our sister republic across the Pacific, the Philippines—Rufio Hechanova, who is the financial minister of the Philippines. He is a dedicated public servant of the Government and the people of the Philippines. He is a proved, true friend of the United States and recognizes that if freedom is to survive in the great contest between totalitarianism and freedom, that is struggling for the minds of millions of people around the globe, the friends and practitioners of freedom must stand together.

As a member of the Committee on Foreign Relations, I should like to say to Mr. Hechanova that we are delighted to have him in the United States and are honored that he is paying a call upon Congress today. It is a great pleasure for us to have him with us and to have the opportunity to meet with him and discuss some of our mutual problems, not only in the Pacific but elsewhere in the world.

PRINTING AS A SENATE DOCUMENT OF PRAYERS BY SENATE CHAPLAIN

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, I send to the desk for appropriate reference a resolution that reads as follows:

Resolved, That five thousand copies of the prayers offered by the Rev. Frederick Brown Harris, Doctor of Divinity, Chaplain of the Senate, at the opening of the daily sessions of the Senate during the Eighty-seventh and Eighty-eighth Congresses, together with certain prayers offered by him at national occasions sponsored by the Senate, be printed as a Senate document, and that two thousand and five hundred additional copies be printed and bound for the use of the Senate.

I submit the resolution in this form now, but it may be necessary to modify it later, after an estimate of the cost has been received.